

Weekly Coal Production

Production for Week Ended:
August 26, 1989



See Coal
Highlights

Preface

The *Weekly Coal Production* (WCP) provides weekly production estimates of U.S. coal by State, as well as supplementary data which are usually published twice a month. The Coal Exports and Imports Supplement contains annual as well as detailed monthly data on U.S. coal and coke exports and imports. Another supplement contains detailed monthly data covering electric utility coal consumption, stocks, and receipts (quantity and price).

This publication is prepared by the Coal Division; Office of Coal, Nuclear, Electric and Alternate Fuels; Energy Information Administration (EIA) to fulfill its data collection and dissemination responsibilities

as specified in the Federal Energy Administration Act of 1974 (P.L. 93-275) as amended. *Weekly Coal Production* is intended for use by industry, press, State and local governments, and consumers. Other publications that may be of interest are the quarterly *Coal Distribution Report*, the *Quarterly Coal Report*, *Coal Production 1987*, and *Coal Data: A Reference*.

This publication was prepared by Wayne M. Watson under the direction of Mary K. Paull and Noel C. Balthasar, Chief, Data Systems Branch. *Questions on energy statistics should be directed to the National Energy Information Center (NEIC) at 202/586-8800.*

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Bonneville Power Administration, Coal
Highlights

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Summary

U.S. coal production in the week ended August 26, 1989, as estimated by the Energy Information Administration, totaled 20 million short tons, about equal to production in the previous week and in the comparable week in 1988. Production East of

the Mississippi totaled 12 million short tons, and production West of the Mississippi totaled 8 million short tons. Coal production for the year to date is about 3 percent ahead of the level produced to this date in 1988.

Figure 1. Coal Production

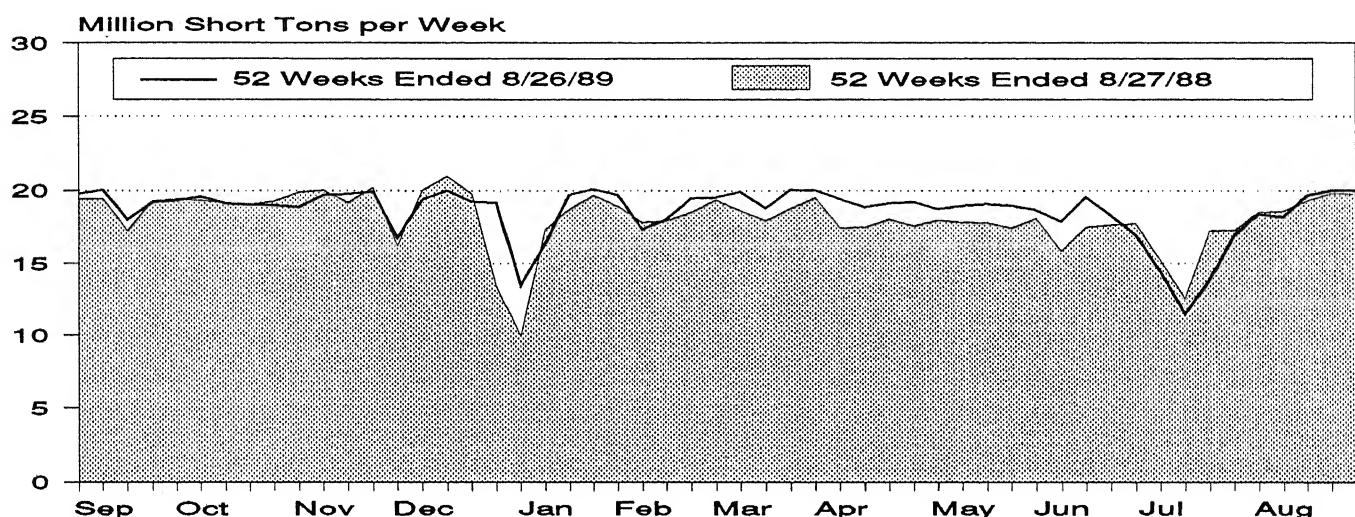


Table 1. Coal Production

Production and Carloadings	Week Ended			52 Weeks
	08/26/89	08/19/89	08/27/88	
Production (Thousand Short Tons)				
Bituminous ¹ and Lignite	19,975	19,949	19,683	
Pennsylvania Anthracite	76	71	90	
U.S. Total	20,051	20,020	19,773	
Railroad Cars Loaded	132,805	132,554	132,743	

¹Includes subbituminous coal.

Notes: All data are preliminary. Totals may not equal sum of components due to rounding.
Sources: Association of American Railroads, Transportation Division, Weekly Statistical Administration, Form EIA-6, "Coal Distribution Report"; Form EIA-7A, "Coal Production and Distribution Report".

Table 2. Coal Production by State
(Thousand Short Tons)

Region and State	Week Ended		
	08/26/89	08/19/89	08/27/88
Bituminous Coal¹ and Lignite			
East of the Mississippi	12,137	12,221	12,194
Alabama	476	508	537
Illinois	1,299	1,314	1,163
Indiana	669	607	674
Kentucky	3,219	3,267	3,336
Kentucky, Eastern	2,407	2,439	2,522
Kentucky, Western	812	829	813
Maryland	70	70	55
Ohio	682	682	687
Pennsylvania Bituminous	1,456	1,407	1,582
Tennessee	110	118	135
Virginia	924	980	992
West Virginia	3,233	3,267	3,033
West of the Mississippi	7,838	7,728	7,489
Alaska	32	31	28
Arizona	261	260	266
Arkansas	2	2	16
Colorado	273	326	280
Iowa	8	8	5
Kansas	11	11	11
Louisiana	77	77	67
Missouri	84	83	84
Montana	776	772	735
New Mexico	584	460	463
North Dakota	668	663	594
Oklahoma	38	38	36
Texas	1,204	1,202	1,153
Utah	350	401	327
Washington	103	103	96
Wyoming	3,368	3,289	3,327
Bituminous¹ and Lignite Total	19,975	19,949	19,683
Pennsylvania Anthracite	76	71	90
	20,051	20,020	19,773

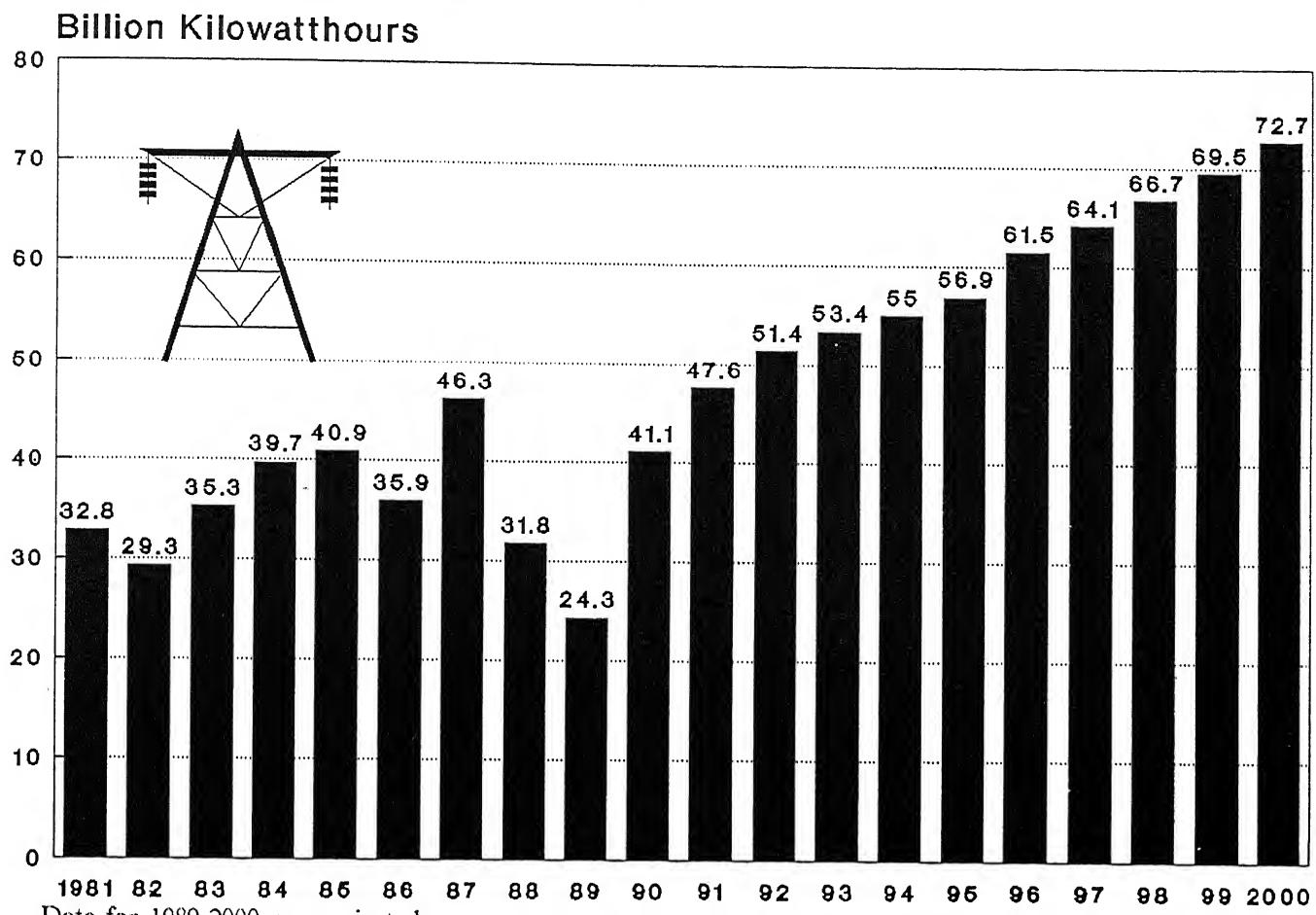
minous coal.

¹ Preliminary. Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

^f American Railroads, Transportation Division, Weekly Statement CS-54A; Energy Information "Coal Distribution Report"; Form EIA-7A, "Coal Production Report"; and State mining agency

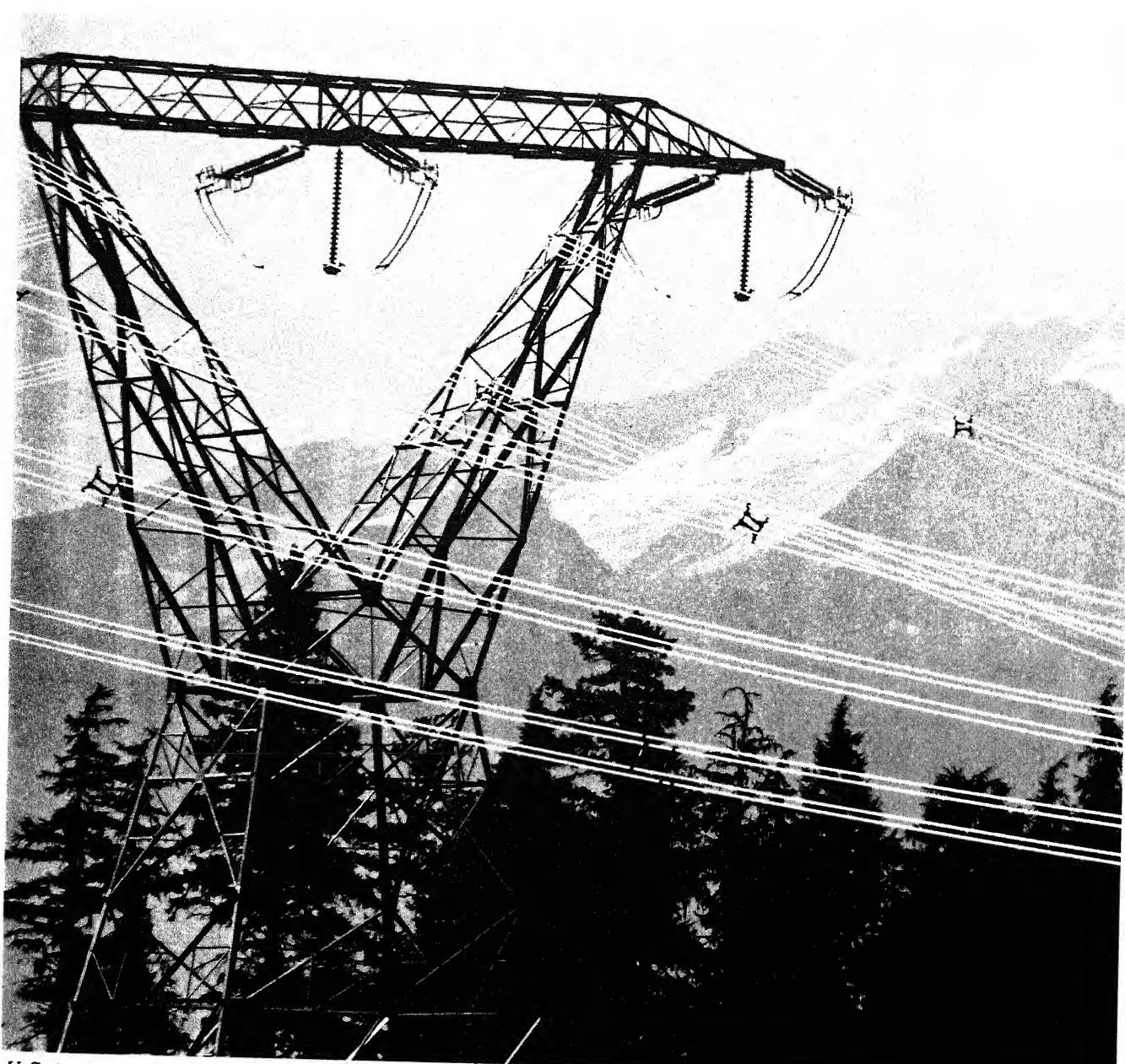
Coal Highlights

Net Imports of Electricity, 1981-2000



Data for 1989-2000 are projected.

Source: 1981-1986: *Electricity Transactions Across International Borders*, Economic Regulatory Administration, Office of Fuels Programs, (Washington, DC, various years); 1987-1988: U.S. Department of Energy, Office of Fossil Energy, Office of Fuels Programs; 1989-2000: Energy Information Administration.



U.S. imports of electricity are expected to increase significantly. By the end of the century, EIA projects that the Nation will import more than 70 billion kilowatthours.

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